The SAS[®] System Release 6.12 (TS040 and above) Mac[™]OS for PowerPC[™]

Please Read Before Beginning Installation

Introduction

Alert Notes list problems that you need to be aware of before installing or using this software. Should you need assistance with the software, we ask that only the SAS Installation Representative or SAS Support Consultant call our Technical Support Division. Sites in the U.S. and Canada may call (919) 677-8008. Other sites should contact their SAS Installation Representative or SAS Support Consultant for the nearest SAS Institute office.

Installation Issues

Although the latest release of the SAS System for most operating systems is Year 2000 compliant, it is crucial that
you read this information and take appropriate action to make sure that your programs and applications that use the
SAS System will process dates correctly before, during, and after the Year 2000.

SAS software (after Release 6.04) uses the YEARCUTOFF= option to determine what century prefix a two-digit year will be associated with. For example, if you specify YEARCUTOFF=1900, all two-digit years processed by SAS applications will be assumed to be between 1900 and 1999; if YEARCUTOFF=1950 is specified, all two-digit years between 50 and 99 are assumed to be in the 1900s, while all two-digit years from 00 to 49 are assumed to be from 2000 to 2049.

For Version 6 SAS software (after Release 6.04), the default value of YEARCUTOFF= is 1900, unless it has been reset by SAS support personnel at your site. This means that all two-digit years processed by SAS software are assumed to be in the 1900s and processing any date information with values greater than December 31, 1999 may produce incorrect results if they are represented with two-digit years. To provide for correct processing of two-digit years by SAS software, you should determine the value of the YEARCUTOFF= option on your system and modify it if necessary. To determine the value of the YEARCUTOFF= option, simply invoke the SAS System and submit the following statements:

proc options option=yearcutoff;
run;

The values of the YEARCUTOFF= option will be displayed in the SAS LOG window. If the YEARCUTOFF= option is set to 1900, we suggest modifying it to a value between 1920 and 1950. The optimum value will depend on the range of dates that you typically process with your SAS applications. If you do not anticipate processing date values greater than 2020, you can set YEARCUTOFF=1920; if your SAS applications process dates greater than 2020, you may want to set YEARCUTOFF= to a higher value, such as 1930 or 1950. The process for changing the default value of YEARCUTOFF= (or any system option) depends on your specific operating system consult the SAS Companion for your operating system or the SAS Help facility for specific details.

We also recommend that SAS Installation Representatives and SAS Software Consultants make all SAS software users at their site aware of the default YEARCUTOFF settings. An easy way to do this is to display the information at the top of the SAS LOG window using the NEWS system option. See the SAS Companion for your operating system or the SAS Help facility for specific details on using the NEWS option.

For additional details on how the YEARCUTOFF= option works and how to determine the optimum setting for the option, refer to the document **A Guide to the YEARCUTOFF= Option, TS-618**, which is available on our Web site at:

http://www.sas.com/techsup/download/technote/ts618.html

If you do not have access to our Web site, you can obtain a copy of the document by contacting our Technical Support Division at (919) 677-8008. (Those of you outside the United States or Canada should contact your local SAS Institute office or subsidiary.) As always, we encourage you to use the latest version of the SAS System. For complete details on the Year 2000 compliance of SAS software products, as well as information and resources for testing your SAS applications for Year 2000 compliance, refer to our Year 2000 compliance Web page at:

http://www.sas.com/y2k

- Before installing Release 6.12 of the SAS System from TS051 media, please refer to the Installation Instructions
 for the SAS System for MacOS for PowerPC, Release 6.12, TS040 and above to ensure the proper installation
 procedure is followed for your environment.
- If you are installing an add-on product to a system that has already been upgraded to (TS051), you *must* re-apply (TS051) after installing the new product. Failure to do so will result in a SAS System installation with mismatched updates. Unpredictable results will occur when running from such an installation.

Base SAS Software

• In PROC FREQ, if the RISKDIFF option is used with the TABLES and OUTPUT statements to output risk estimates and if a stratum of the table (other than the first) has an all-zero row or column, then the risk estimates cannot be computed and should appear as missing values in the OUTPUT data set. However, the risk estimates for such a stratum are given incorrectly as the risk estimates for the preceding stratum.

SAS Note V6-FREQ-D359 documents this problem.

In PROC FREQ, if there is insufficient memory available to complete the Fisher exact computations (requested
with the EXACT option), the following message is printed in the SAS LOG window and an incorrect Fisher
p-value is reported in the printed output and the output data set, if requested:

Row or column sum zero. No statistics computed for this table except for AGREE statistics.

If this message is printed and there are no rows or columns with zero sum in your table, then you should ignore the Fisher p-value. The other statistics are correct. If the above message is not printed, then the Fisher p-value is correct.

SAS Note V6-FREQ-D546 documents this problem.

- To successfully use the sample table named EMPLOYEE listed in the SQL Query Window online documentation (and in the SAS Guide to the SQL Query Window, Usage and Reference, Version 6, First Edition), you must execute a program called RUNSAMPL.
 - 1. To run the program, you must first submit a LIBNAME statement in the Program Editor window to assign the SAMPLE libref to the sample library. For example, if running off the CD-ROM:

```
libname sample 'SAS612-nnnnnn:SAS612:sample:base:sasdata';
```

where *nnnnn* represents the six-digit volume serial number on your customer CD-ROM. If running from an installed version of the SAS System:

```
libname sample 'macintosh hd:sas612:sample:sasdata';
```

2. Include the RUNSAMPL program in the Program Editor window by entering the following statement at a command line if running off the CD-ROM:

```
include 'SAS612-nnnnnn:SAS612:sample:base:runsampl.sas'
```

where *nnnnn* represents the six-digit volume serial number on your customer CD-ROM. If running from an installed version of the SAS System:

```
include 'macintosh hd:sas612:sample:base:runsampl.sas'
```

3. Submit the program.

SAS Note V6-QUERY-C622 documents this problem.

SAS/AF Software

Values set in the INIT section of the Data Form or Data Table's model SCL entry may not be saved. This
occurs if multiple columns are referenced anywhere in the model SCL entry and columns are updated in the INIT
section. In this case, INIT will only update a column if, in the order of the variables in the data set, this column
appears first in relation to the variable position of the other columns referenced in the model SCL entry.

For example, in the following code fragment for model SCL using the SASUSER.CLASS data set, neither the columns AGE nor HEIGHT will be updated because the column NAME was accessed in the model SCL and it comes before AGE and HEIGHT in the order of the variables in the data set.

```
INIT:
   age=55;
   height=55;
   return;

MAIN:
   put name=;
   return;
```

SAS Note V6-AF-C942 documents this problem.

SAS/ETS Software

• If you use GMM to estimate the parameters of a model in which a hard-coded negative sign is associated with the intercept term, such as:

$$y = -a + b*x;$$

then PROC MODEL may either return incorrect results or have difficulty converging to a solution.

To circumvent the problem, reparameterize the model specification so the intercept term does not have a negative sign associated with it.

SAS Note V6-MODEL-C938 documents this problem.

SAS/FSP Software

 If you edit a partially displayed variable in the FSVIEW window, the non-displayed portion of the value will be truncated.

SAS Note V6-FSVIEW-C730 documents this problem.

SAS/QC Software

• The standard errors for the parameter estimates in the XADX menu system are incorrect. The reported standard errors are for parameter estimates associated with a different coding than the ones presented in the table. The standard errors that are printed are consistently off by a factor of sqrt(2) in the Fit, Response Calculator, and Report windows. Note that only the standard errors are incorrect; the parameter estimates, t-statistics, and p-values are all correct.

SAS Note V6-ADX-G125 documents this problem.

SAS/STAT Software

• If initial parameter values are input using the INEST= option and there is a linear dependency among the columns of the design matrix, PROC LOGISTIC will issue a NOTE in the output indicating that the linear dependency exists and that parameters are set to zero as a result. However, the parameter estimates table may show nonzero values for these parameters even though their degrees of freedom are zero. Also, X*Beta and predicted values from the XBETA= and PREDICT= options on the OUTPUT statement are incorrect, as is the output of the CTABLE option that relies on predicted values. To avoid the problem, remove the linear dependencies indicated by the NOTE.

SAS Note V6-LOGISTIC-G043 documents this problem.

• In PROC REG, if you request the CP and/or BIC options on the PLOT statement and you are using SELECTION=MINR or SELECTION=MAXR, the values that are placed on the plot are incorrect. The values that are reported elsewhere in the output are correct.

SAS Note V6-REG-C941 documents this problem.

If you specify the PCORR (partial correlations) option and do not also specify certain combinations of other
options, the output from the PCORR option (Partial Correlations Removing the Effects of All Other Regressors
from Both Regressor and Criterion) will be incorrect.

To get the correct output from the PCORR option, you must specify any of the following combinations of options:

```
PCORR VDEP ALL or
PCORR WDEP ALL or
PCORR SQPCORR or
PCORR SQSPCORR
```

SAS Note V6-CANCORR-D507 documents this problem.

• If a BY statement is used with the DISCRIM, CANDISC, or STEPDISC procedures and any of the ALL, SIMPLE, BCORR, TCORR, BCOV, TCOV, BSSCP, TSSCP, ANOVA, MANOVA, or STDMEAN options are specified, then the Between-Class Statistics, Total-Sample Statistics, Univariate and Multivariate Test Statistics, and Pooled Within-Class Standardized Class Means may be incorrect for some or all BY groups.

In addition, these warnings may be generated from some or all BY groups.

```
WARNING: Total-sample STD for variable <var> is equal to 0 in DATA= data set or BY group.

WARNING: Within-class means are all equal in DATA= data set or BY group.
```

Total-Sample variances must be less than one for this to occur.

This problem affects both the printed output and the OUTSTAT= data set. To circumvent this problem in the printed output, do not use any of the options listed above or run each BY group separately. Alternatively, the MEANS, CORR, and GLM procedures can be used to obtain the correct results.

SAS Note V6-SYS.PROC-D345 documents this problem.

SAS/ACCESS Interface to ODBC Software

 There are known problems when using SAS/ACCESS Interface to ODBC software with the Visigenic ODBC Oracle 7 Driver 1.10 on MacOS for PowerPC.

When using the Visigenic ODBC Oracle 7 Driver 1.10, only one prompted connection to an ORACLE data source can exist during the SAS session. A second attempt to use the CONNECT statement with the PROMPT argument will cause the following error.

```
Invalid authorization specification
```

Because the QUERY window uses prompted connections to access ODBC data sources, only one connection to an ORACLE data source defined by this Visigenic ODBC driver can be completed during the SAS session. Visigenic has acknowledged this problem and created a fix. It can be obtained by calling Visigenic at (415) 286-1700.

Visigenic has confirmed their Oracle 7 ODBC Driver 1.10 does not work with Oracle's SQL*Net Client, Version 2.3.x for the MacOS for PowerPC. You must use the Oracle SQL*Net Client, Version 2.1.x instead.

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